

## ΘΕΜΑ 1. ΚΑΤΑΝΟΗΣΗ ΓΡΑΠΤΟΥ ΛΟΓΟΥ

Read the text and decide if each statement (1-10) is True (A), False (B) or Not Mentioned (C).

The impact of toxic chemical use in agriculture, for the production of cotton, was shown in a documentary called *“The True Cost”*. Nowadays, there is growing interest in the production of organic cotton, with famous clothes companies featuring among the world’s top users. But the overall use of organic cotton represents less than 1 per cent of the world’s total annual cotton crop. The international expansion of fast fashion creates a bigger problem on a global scale. Wardrobes in developed nations are full, so in order to sell more products, retailers must create new collections and convince them that the items they already have are no longer fashionable. It’s also often cheaper and easier to buy new clothes than have them repaired. Busy lifestyles do not allow people much free time and in opposition to previous generations, the loss of sewing skills does not help people to repair their clothes by themselves. There is interest in creating a model of clothing production which reuses materials wherever this is possible. However, the recycling rates for textiles are still very low. Despite a big national network of charity shops and increasing numbers of in-store recycling points in UK high-street stores, three-quarters of British throw away unwanted clothing, rather than donating or recycling it.



(211 words)

STATEMENTS		A	B	C
		TRUE	FALSE	NOT MENTIONED
1.	Organic cotton is not as friendly to the environment as we think.			
2.	Organic cotton is the most popular cotton crop.			
3.	The expansion of fast fashion creates problems to all countries.			
4.	Clothes get out of fashion quickly as new ones are produced.			
5.	Nowadays all people repair their clothes by themselves.			
6.	People nowadays do not have much free time.			
7.	Clothes were more expensive to buy in the past.			
8.	Recycling is the only solution to environmental pollution.			
9.	Recycling points for clothes have been developed in Britain.			
10.	British people prefer to donate their clothes than throw them away.			

ΘΕΜΑ 2<sup>ο</sup>. ΛΕΞΙΚΟΓΡΑΜΜΑΤΙΚΗ

Match each of the phrases below (11-20) with a word from the box that has a similar meaning (A-J). Use each word only once.

<b>A.</b>	agriculture	<b>B.</b>	creating	<b>C.</b>	annual	<b>D.</b>	famous	<b>E.</b>	recycling
<b>F.</b>	growing	<b>G.</b>	production	<b>H.</b>	global	<b>I.</b>	possible	<b>J.</b>	donating

<b>11.</b>	bringing something into existence; making something happen or exist
<b>12.</b>	the science or practice of farming
<b>13.</b>	giving money or goods to help a person or organization
<b>14.</b>	becoming greater over a period of time; increasing
<b>15.</b>	the action of making something in large numbers, usually in a factory using machines
<b>16.</b>	when something relates to the whole world
<b>17.</b>	when something is known and recognized by many people
<b>18.</b>	when something can happen or be done
<b>19.</b>	processing materials so that they can be used again
<b>20.</b>	when something happens once every year